





NANOTRAC SERIES

NANOPARTICLE SIZE & ZETA POTENTIAL

DYNAMIC LIGHT SCATTERING
MADE EASY WITH PROBE TECHNOLOGY





MICROTRAC

PARTICLE CHARACTERIZATION AT ITS BEST

Microtrac is your preferred partner for the comprehensive characterization of particulate systems. We provide our customers with advanced technologies to obtain consistently reliable results. Innovation and quality are at the core of everything we do.

As part of Verder Scientific, we provide worldwide support through a network of subsidiaries and distributors.



MICROTRAC

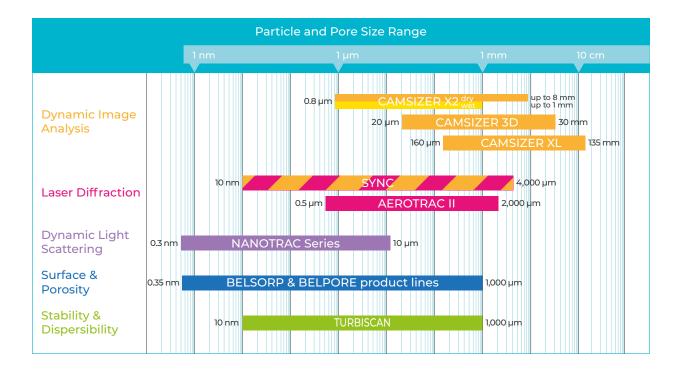
THREE PILLARS OF EXCELLENCE



The BELSORP and BELPORE analyzers are used for the determination of gas and vapor adsorption amounts, as well as BET surface area and pore size distribution. The measuring instruments use gas adsorption technology to analyze both porous and non-porous powder materials. These products are used all over the world in Research and Development, Quality Control, and Quality Assurance. The competence centers for these product lines are located in Osaka (Japan) and Haan (Germany).

I PARTICLE SIZE & SHAPE ANALYSIS

Dynamic Image Analysis (DIA) and Laser Diffraction (LD) technologies are used in our optical particle analyzers for the physical characterization of particles. Microtrac is the only worldwide



supplier of dynamic image analysis, static image analysis, laser diffraction, and sieve analysis equipment.

DIA is used to determine size distributions and shape parameters quickly with excellent accuracy and reproducibility over a wide measuring range. Microtrac's renowned CAMSIZER system was introduced over 20 years ago and has pushed technological innovation ever since. These instruments are developed and built in our production site in Haan, Germany.

In 2024, Microtrac celebrates 50 years of Laser Diffraction as a global leader. We are pioneers in this field, with our SYNC range. By continuously improving the instrument technology, we offer customers a robust portfolio of laser diffraction instru-

ments that are ideal for particle sizing and characterization. The development and production site for this product line is located in Pennsylvania, USA.

I STABILITY & DISPERSIBILITY ANALYSIS

Our Stability Analyzers use Dynamic Light Scattering (DLS), Static Multiple Light Scattering (SMLS), and Zeta Potential (ZP) to measure the stability and dispersibility of all your formulas. The latest addition to the Microtrac portfolio is the TURBISCAN range.

With TURBISCAN, Microtrac offers the world leading technology for Shelf-Life and Dispersibility analysis of liquid dispersions and formulations. The TURBISCAN range is developed and built in our factory in Toulouse, France.

PARTICLE ANALYSIS DOWN TO NANOMETERS

DYNAMIC LIGHT SCATTERING BY MICROTRAC

Microtrac's NANOTRAC product family consists of highly flexible Dynamic Light Scattering (DLS) analyzers that provide information on particle size, zeta potential, concentration and molecular weight. Microtrac is a pioneer of particle size analysis and has been developing DLS systems for over 30 years. The innovative design of the NANOTRAC series allows faster measurements with reliable technology, higher precision, and better accuracy. All of this combined into compact DLS analyzers with a revolutionary fixed optical probe.

The unique and flexible probe design allows the user to choose from a wide array of measurement cells to satisfy the needs of any application. This design also allows for measurement of samples over a wide concentration range, monomodal or multimodal samples, all without prior knowledge of the particle size distribution.





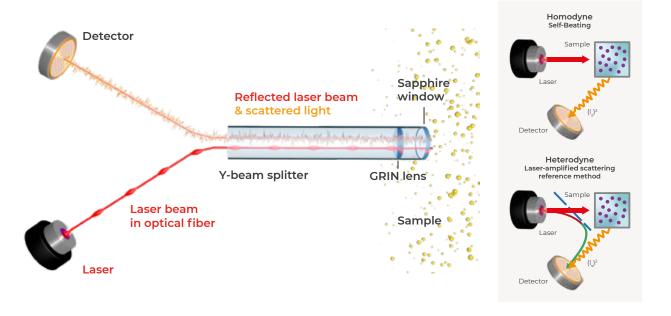
DYNAMIC LIGHT SCATTERING

- Measurement range from 0.3 nm to 10 µm
- Concentration up to 40% w/v
- Minimum volume of 5 µl
- Results in as little as 30 seconds
- A priori knowledge of the sample not required
- Easy detection of multimodal and broad distributions without any need to select or input additional information
- Repeatability better than 1% for 100 nm polystyrene
- Temperature range from 4°C to 90°C
- **○** 180° backscatter DLS setup
- Fixed optical setup including external measurement probe
- Frequency Power Spectrum calculation model instead of PCS
- Controlled reference optical signal
- Concentration measurement
- ▶ ISO 13099-2:2012 and 22412:2017
- ▶ FDA 21 CFR Part 11 compliant



NANOTRAC SERIES

180° DYNAMIC LIGHT SCATTERING, THE MICROTRAC WAY



Nanoparticles suspended in a liquid dispersion are subject to Brownian motion, which is a result of random collisions from molecules in the liquid medium. The particles' velocity distribution, averaged over time, approaches a known functional form – their size distribution. Dynamic Light Scattering (DLS) is the technology used to calculate that size distribution, based on the particles' measured velocity distribution.

The optical bench of the NANOTRAC line is a probe containing an optical fiber coupler with

a Y splitter. Laser light is focused on a volume of sample at the interface of the probe window and the dispersion. The high reflectivity sapphire window reflects a portion of the laser beam back to a photodiode detector. The laser light also penetrates the dispersion and the particle's scattered light reflects at 180 degrees back to the same detector. The scattered light from the sample has a low optical signal relative to the reflected laser beam. The reflected laser beam mixes with the scattered light from the sample, adding the high amplitude of the laser beam to the low

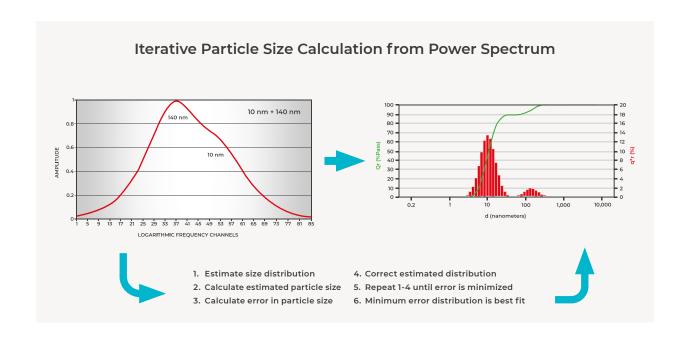
amplitude of the raw scatter signal. This Laser Amplified Detection method provides up to 10⁶ of times the signal to noise ratio of other DLS methods like Photon Correlation Spectroscopy (PCS) and NanoTracking (NT).

A Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) of the Laser Amplified Detection signal results in a linear frequency power spectrum which is then transformed into logarithmic space and deconvoluted to give the resulting particle size distribution. Combined with Laser Amplified Detection, this frequency power spectrum

Features Complete optical bench in a compact fiber probe Laser Amplified Detection technology Highest signal-to-noise ratio in the industry One calculation for all sample types independent of concentration or distribution shape One measurement at one angle, 180° Measures particle size, zeta potential, molecular weight, and concentration

calculation provides robust calculation of all types of particle size distributions – narrow, broad, mono- or multi-modal – with no need for *a priori* information for algorithm fitting as it is for PCS.

Our Laser Amplified Detection method is unaffected by signal aberrations due to contaminants in the sample. Classical PCS instruments need to either filter the sample or create complicated measurement methods to eliminate these signal aberrations.



NANOTRAC FLEX

FLEXIBLE IN SITU MEASUREMENTS

- I Most flexible DLS ever
- I Unique external probe design
- I In situ particle sizing and monitoring
- I Turn any vessel into a sample cell
- no consumables required
- I External probe allows dip and measure
- I Universal solvent compatibility
- I Small footprint



The unique probe design of the NANOTRAC FLEX allows the measurement of only one droplet as shown in the top left figure. In this case only a minimum sample volume is needed. The probe also fits easily into a 1.5 mL Eppendorf Tube® (top right figure). With the NANOTRAC FLEX, every vessel can be used as a measurement vessel, and there is no need for cuvettes of any kind. This allows the use of the probe either at line or in line to monitor the particles growing during a reaction. During a reaction, the dispersion is either flowing or stirring. The dispersion motion will obscure the Brownian motion, and a DLS measurement is normally not possible. To measure in stirring or moving liquids, the FLOWGUARD (right bottom figure) can be used. The FLOWGUARD creates an enclosure around the probe, which shields the measurement surface from turbulent flow. An orifice ensures the constant exchange of the sample, while slowing down the stirring movement at the probe interface. This design ensures an accurate particle size distribution that is representative of the suspension outside the enclosure. The NANOTRAC FLEX probe is also very easy and quick to clean between sample measurements of any kind.



Measurement of a droplet on the tip of the probe



Measurement in a beaker or any other vessel



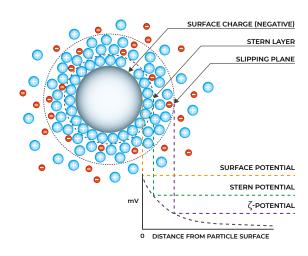
Dip-in measurement with an Eppendorf tube®



Measurement with the FLOWGUARD in a vessel

NANOTRAC WAVE II

IDEAL FOR NANOPARTICLE & ZETA POTENTIAL ANALYSIS





Features

- Stable fixed optics sample interface
 no adjustments required
- Rapid field reversal prevents electro-osmosis
- Robust mobility calculation as a function of power spectrum ratio
- High concentration zeta potential measurements
- Sample concentration and molecular weight determination
- Laser Amplified Detectionhigh signal to noise ratio

The measurement of zeta potential in the Microtrac DLS analyzers takes advantage of the same Power Spectrum methodology used for measuring nanoparticle size distributions. The same stable optics sample interface means no adjustments are required. The backscatter and laser amplified detection signals are collected as in the size measurement, and the rapid sequencing of applied electric fields prevents electroosmosis. The optical probe interface surface is coated to provide electrical contact with the sample. Two probes are used, one to determine the polarity of the particle charge

at the slipping plane and one to measure the mobility of the particles in an electric field. Polarity is measured in a pulsed electric field, while mobility is measured in a high frequency sine wave electric field excitation. The Zeta cell has two detection probes, on opposite sides, to detect polarity and mobility.

From the linear frequency power spectrum distribution (PSD), the Loading Index (LI), which is proportional to particle concentration, can be calculated. Loading Index values provide a single number for total scattering that can be



used to determine particle mobility in microns / sec / volt / cm and particle polarity as + / -, positive or negative.

Measuring mobility and zeta potential begins by measuring the PSD and determining the LI with the excitation off. Then the PSD is measured with the high frequency sine wave on and a ratio is taken. Polarity is determined by measuring the LI before and after pulsed DC excitation. A ratio of LI after the excitation divided by LI before excitation of less than one is a positive polarity (concentration

decreasing) and a ratio greater than one is negative (concentration increasing) for a positively charged probe surface.

Microtrac's NANOTRAC WAVE II can also calculate the sample concentration by measuring the power spectrum and the loading index. Depending on the distribution calculation, concentration will be displayed in appropriate units such as cm³/mI or N/mI (as seen below).

It is also possible to calculate the molecular weight by either the hydrodynamic radius or a Debye plot.

	Mode Summary (INT)					
d(nm)	Pct	Width	C(I)	C(V):cc/ml		
9,87	88,97	5,36E+00	9,7E-02	1,07E-02		
139,3	11,03	6,06E+01	1,2E-02	6,79E-07		

	Mode Summary (NUM)					
d(nm)	Pct	Width	C(I)	C(N):N/ml		
9,87	100,00	5,36E+00	9,7E-02	2,11E+16		
139,3	0,00000	6,06E+01	1,2E-02	4,8E+08		

STABINO ZETA

FAST ZETA POTENTIAL MEASUREMENT & TITRATION

- I Zeta and streaming potential in one measurement
- I Up to 5 measurement points simultaneously
- I Charge analysis of particles from 0.3 nm up to 300 µm
- I High concentration range from 0.01 to 40 vol%
- I Zeta potential at high conductivity
- I No optical parameter needed
- I "Mix & Measure" technique
- I Zeta potential mapping tool for formulation
- I Can be combined with NANOTRAC FLEX for particle size analyses
- I Easy to use software
- I Integrated titrator by default



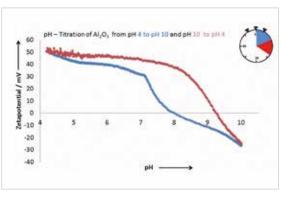
The STABINO ZETA provides very fast, precise, and reproducible zeta potential measurements due to its high resolution and data point density, respectively. The STABINO ZETA can measure the zeta potential of particles in a range of 0.3 nm to 300 μ m, with a concentration range of up to 40% by volume.

Thanks to the unique measurement technology, the STABINO ZETA can determine five parameters simultaneously within a few seconds. In combination with Microtrac's DLS analyzer, NANOTRAC FLEX, the size can be measured at the same time, in the same sample.

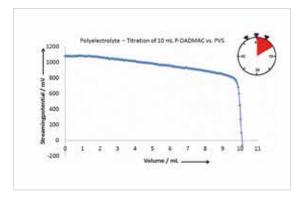
In addition, the STABINO ZETA has a built-in titration function where all the parameters are analyzed simultaneously at every dosage step. The determination of the isoelectric point is one of the possibilities of titration and is completed within a few minutes.

The titration applications are:

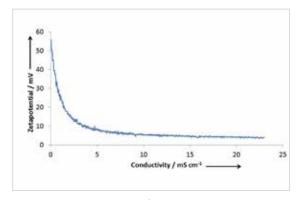
- I pH titration
- I Polyelectrolyte titration
- I Titration with salts



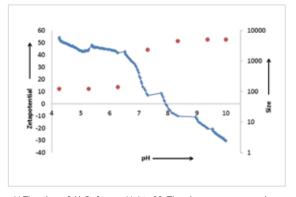
pH forth and back titration of ${\rm Al_2O_3}$ from pH 4 to 10 and from pH 10 to 4 with a hysteresis effect



Polyelectrolyte titration of 10 mL P-DADMAC against PVS shown here in streaming potential



Salt titration of ${\rm Al_2O_3}$ with 1 mol/l KCl to see the influence of the change of conductivity on zeta potential

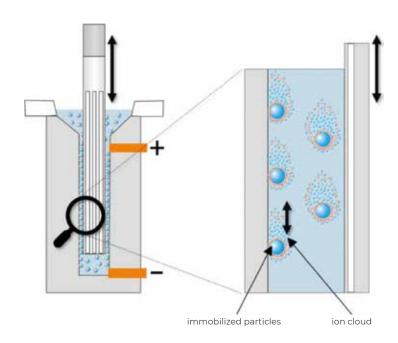


pH Titration of $\rm Al_2O_3$ from pH 4 to 10. The size was measured with the DLS analyzer NANOTRAC FLEX to determinate the conglomeration point



STABINO ZETA

ZETA POTENTIAL AND TITRATION FOR COMPLETE STABILITY



Features

- 5 measurement parameters at the same time
- "Mix and Measure"an enourmous advantage
- Adjusted titration speed
- Fast measurement time
- Extension: In-situ size distribution
- Simple operation

The core of the Stabino ZETA is a cylindrical PTFE measuring cup with an oscillating piston. Charged particles generate an ion shell in polar liquids to balance the charge between the particle surface and the liquid. This ion cloud can be deformed by a movement of the solvent, resulting in charge separation. The STABINO ZETA generates this charge separation by a liquid flow due to the oscillating motion of the plunger. The particles are immobilized on the walls of the beaker and the liquid flow causes the charge separation. The level of charge separation (the zeta or streaming potential)

is measured via two electrodes and is an indicator of the stability of the particles against agglomeration. After appropriate calibration, the measuring signal is output as flow potential or zeta potential. The titration solutions are added via integrated pumps consisting of two storage containers. The liquid movement leads to rapid homogenization during titration and allows rapid measurements. In addition to zeta potential and titrant volume, from which the particle charge density is calculated, temperature, pH value and conductivity are also measured.

ADDITIONAL SOLUTIONS

ACCESSORIES & TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



I PISTON SET (100, 200, 400 and 1000 μm)



I MEASURING CELL (1 and 3 ml, including piston)



I TEMPERED MEASURING CELL (0°C to 90°C)



I MEASURING CELL (black, 10 ml)

MICROTRAC

APPLICATIONS

Versatility is a great strength of dynamic light scattering (DLS) analysis. This makes the method suitable for a variety of applications in both research and industry. Microtrac's NANOTRAC series was designed for convenient, easy-to-learn operation. Thanks to their robust design, the instruments are practically maintenancefree and fit for 24/7 operation. The high sample throughput and the extremely wide particle size range from 0.3 nm to 10 µm are reasons for the method's popularity in so many laboratories.

TYPICAL FIELDS OF APPLICATION

- PHARMACEUTICALS
- ▶ INKS / PIGMENTS
- **○** LIFE SCIENCES
- CERAMICS

- BEVERAGES & FOOD
- COLLOIDS
- POLYMERS
- MICROEMULSIONS

- COSMETICS
- CHEMICALS
- ENVIRONMENTAL
- GLUES

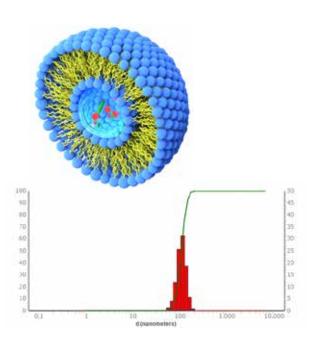
- METALS
- INDUSTRIAL MINERALS

PARTICLE SIZE OF CAPSULES FOR DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS (DDS)

- A CARRIER FOR ANTI-CANCER AGENTS

Drug Delivery Systems (DDS) allow drugs to be delivered efficiently to the affected site while suppressing their adverse effects for the rest of the human body. If the size of the particles constituting the DDS is controlled, it is possible to allow the needed amount of a given drug to be absorbed via a specific site in a living body. Often liposomes will be used as Drug Delivery Systems. Liposomes can be phospholipid capsules possessing an isolated inner aqueous

layer in a double-structure lipid membrane, identical to the membranes found in a living body. They are highly effective in suppressing adverse effects and are thus able to be developed, among others, as a carrier for anti-cancer agents. Also, in the field of cosmetics, this kind of capsule has recently begun to be used in various products as it enables the functional ingredients of cosmetics to penetrate efficiently into the keratinous skin layer.



PARTICLE SIZE OF INKS

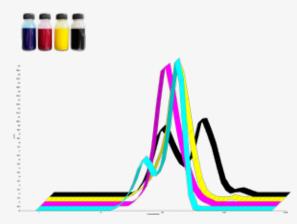
- IN ORIGINAL CONCENTRATION WITHOUT DILUTION

Modern printing inks contain many components, each having a specific purpose in maintaining color, intensity, dispersion, viscosity, as well as acting as a milling aid. The resulting light scattering affects light fastness, shade, and intensity of color.

The figure shows a typical printout for different colored inks. Note the presence of the bimodal distribution. The samples were measured using the original concentration. The second

mode may be indicative of agglomerated particles or individual coarse particles. It may also be characteristic of the ink.

The NANOTRAC DLS analyzer family has the capability to measure inks of all colors including black, magenta, yellow and cyan. The measurement can be conducted using high concentrations and can reveal special distribution features such as bimodal distributions and changes in particle size.



Particle size distribution of non-diluted inks (intensity distribution)

ADDITIONAL SOLUTIONS

ACCESSORIES & TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



NANOTRAC WAVE II SAMPLE CELLS

I The NANOTRAC WAVE II can be used with a variety of removable, re-usable sample cells that are available in Teflon or stainless steel at varying volumes (50 μl - 3.5 ml).



NANOTRAC FLOWGUARD

I The NANOTRAC FLOWGUARD facilitates in situ DLS measurements in a process environment, such as reaction vessels or pipes.



NANOTRAC ZETA SAMPLE CELL

I The fully removable and re-usable zeta potential sample cell can be easily accessed for thorough cleaning and re-inserted in the instrument, providing real cost savings.

	NANOTRAC	NANOTRAC	STABINO	
System	WAVE II	FLEX	ZETA	
Method	Backscattered laser-amplified sc	attering reference method	Zeta streaming potential	
Calculation model	FFT power sp	ectrum	-	
Measurement angle	180°		-	
Measurement size range	0.3 nm – 10	-		
Zeta potential measurement		-	(
Zeta measurement range (potential)	-200 mV – +200 mV	-	-3000 mV – +3000 mV	
Zeta measurement range (size)		-	0.3 nm – 300 μm	
Electrophoretic mobility	0 – 15 (μm/s) / (V/cm)	-	max. 200 (µm/s) / (V/cm)	
Conductivity measurement	•	-	()	
Conductivity range	0 – 10 mS / cm	-	up to 350 mS / cm	
Molecular weight measurement		•		
Molecular weight range	< 300 Da -> 20 x 10° Da		-	
emperature range	-4°C - +9(+4°C − +90°C		
emperature accuracy		± 0.1°C		
Femperature control	•	-	()	
Temperature control range	+4°C - +90°C		0°C – +90°C	
Fitration	()	-	()	
Fitration type	На	-	pH, polyelectrolyte, salt	
Titration endpoints	pH, volume	-	pH, zeta potential, conductivity, volume and time	
At line / in line measurement	-	•	-	
Reproducibility (size)	≤1	≤1		
Reproducibility (zeta)	± 3%	-	± 3%	
Sample volume size measurement	50 μl – 2 ml	2 µl − ∞	-	
Sample volume zeta measurement	150 µl – 2 ml	-	950 µl – 10 ml	
Concentration measurement			-	
sample concentration				
Carrier fluids	water, polar and unpolar organic solvents, acid and base			
aser	780 nm, 3 mW; 2 laser	-		
Humidity	90 % non-condensing			
*No need for dry gas purge			05/2023 Subject to technical modification	





VERDER SCIENTIFIC

ENABLING PROGRESS.

Under the roof of VERDER SCIENTIFIC we support thousands of customers worldwide in realizing the ambition we share.

As their technology partner behind the scenes, we deliver the solutions they need to make progress and to improve the everyday lives of countless people. Together, we make the world a healthier, safer and more sustainable place.



